

**THE EUROPEAN CHARTER
FOR REGIONAL OR MINORITY LANGUAGES¹**

– Applied to Irish in the United Kingdom –

[...]

PART II

**OBJECTIVES AND PRINCIPLES
PURSUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 2, PARAGRAPH 1**

Article 7 – Objectives and principles

- 1 In respect of Irish, within the territories in which Irish is used and according to the situation of Irish, the United Kingdom shall base its policies, legislation and practice on the following objectives and principles:
 - a the recognition of Irish as an expression of cultural wealth;
 - b the respect of the geographical area of Irish in order to ensure that existing or new administrative divisions do not constitute an obstacle to the promotion of Irish;
 - c the need for resolute action to promote Irish in order to safeguard it;
 - d the facilitation and/or encouragement of the use of Irish, in speech and writing, in public and private life;
 - e the maintenance and development of links, in the fields covered by this Charter, between groups using Irish and other groups in the State employing a language used in identical or similar form, as well as the establishment of cultural relations with other groups in the State using different languages;
 - f the provision of appropriate forms and means for the teaching and study of Irish at all appropriate stages;
 - g the provision of facilities enabling non-speakers of Irish living in the area where it is used to learn it if they so desire;
 - h the promotion of study and research on Irish at universities or equivalent institutions;
 - i the promotion of appropriate types of transnational exchanges, in the fields covered by this Charter, for Irish used in identical or similar form in two or more States.
- 2 The United Kingdom undertakes to eliminate, if it has not yet done so, any unjustified distinction, exclusion, restriction or preference relating to the use of Irish and intended to discourage or endanger the maintenance or development of it. The adoption of special measures in favour of Irish aimed at promoting equality between the users of Irish and the rest of the population or which take due account of their specific conditions is not considered to be an act of discrimination against the users of more widely-used languages.
- 3 The United Kingdom undertakes to promote, by appropriate measures, mutual understanding between all the linguistic groups of the country and in particular the inclusion of respect, understanding and tolerance in relation to Irish among the objectives of education and training provided within the country and encouragement of the mass media to pursue the same objective.
- 4 In determining its policy with regard to Irish, the United Kingdom shall take into consideration the needs and wishes expressed by the groups which use Irish. It is encouraged to establish bodies, if necessary, for the purpose of advising the authorities on all matters pertaining to Irish.

[...]

¹ CETS no. 148. The Charter was adopted by the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe in Strasbourg on 5 November 1992. Entry into force for the United Kingdom: 1 July 2001. The provisions of the Charter adopted by the United Kingdom for Irish are applicable without territorial restrictions.

PART III
MEASURES TO PROMOTE THE USE OF
Irish
IN PUBLIC LIFE
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNDERTAKINGS
ENTERED INTO UNDER ARTICLE 2, PARAGRAPH 2

Article 8 – Education

ACCEPTED	NOT ACCEPTED
<p>1 With regard to education, the United Kingdom undertakes, within the territory in which Irish is used, according to the situation of Irish, and without prejudice to the teaching of the official language(s) of the State:</p> <p>a iii to apply one of the measures provided for under i and ii above at least to those pupils whose families so request and whose number is considered sufficient; or</p> <p>b iv to apply one of the measures provided for under i to iii above at least to those pupils whose families so request and whose number is considered sufficient;</p> <p>c iv to apply one of the measures provided for under i to iii above at least to those pupils who, or where appropriate whose families, so wish in a number considered sufficient;</p>	<p>a i to make available pre-school education in Irish; or ii to make available a substantial part of pre-school education in Irish; or</p> <p>iv if the public authorities have no direct competence in the field of pre-school education, to favour and/or encourage the application of the measures referred to under i to iii above;</p> <p>b i to make available primary education in Irish; or ii to make available a substantial part of primary education in Irish; or iii to provide, within primary education, for the teaching of Irish as an integral part of the curriculum; or</p> <p>c i to make available secondary education in Irish; or ii to make available a substantial part of secondary education in Irish; or iii to provide, within secondary education, for the teaching of Irish as an integral part of the curriculum; or</p>

ACCEPTED

NOT ACCEPTED

- d iv to apply one of the measures provided for under i to iii above at least to those pupils who, or where appropriate whose families, so wish in a number considered sufficient;
 - e iii if, by reason of the role of the State in relation to higher education institutions, sub-paragraphs i and ii cannot be applied, to encourage and/or allow the provision of university or other forms of higher education in Irish or of facilities for the study of Irish as university or higher education subjects;
 - f ii to offer Irish as subjects of adult and continuing education; or
 - g to make arrangements to ensure the teaching of the history and the culture which is reflected by Irish;
 - h to provide the basic and further training of the teachers required to implement those of paragraphs a to g accepted by the United Kingdom;
- 2 With regard to education and in respect of territories other than those in which Irish is traditionally used, the United Kingdom undertakes, if the number of users of Irish justifies it, to allow, encourage or provide teaching in or of Irish at all the appropriate stages of education.

- d i to make available technical and vocational education in Irish; or
- ii to make available a substantial part of technical and vocational education in Irish; or
- iii to provide, within technical and vocational education, for the teaching of Irish as an integral part of the curriculum; or
- e i to make available university and other higher education in Irish; or
- ii to provide facilities for the study of Irish as university and higher education subjects; or
- f i to arrange for the provision of adult and continuing education courses which are taught mainly or wholly in Irish; or
- iii if the public authorities have no direct competence in the field of adult education, to favour and/or encourage the offering of Irish as subjects of adult and continuing education;
- i to set up a supervisory body or bodies responsible for monitoring the measures taken and progress achieved in establishing or developing the teaching of Irish and for drawing up periodic reports of their findings, which will be made public.

Article 9 – Judicial authorities

ACCEPTED

NOT ACCEPTED

- 1 The United Kingdom undertakes, in respect of those judicial districts in which the number of residents using Irish justifies the measures specified below, according to the situation of Irish and on condition that the use of the facilities afforded by the present paragraph is not considered by the judge to hamper the proper administration of justice:
 - a in criminal proceedings:
 - i to provide that the courts, at the request of one of the parties, shall conduct the proceedings in Irish; and/or
 - ii to guarantee the accused the right to use Irish; and/or
 - iii to provide that requests and evidence, whether written or oral, shall not be considered inadmissible solely because they are formulated in Irish; and/or
 - iv to produce, on request, documents connected with legal proceedings in Irish, if necessary by the use of interpreters and translations involving no extra expense for the persons concerned;
 - b in civil proceedings:
 - i to provide that the courts, at the request of one of the parties, shall conduct the proceedings in Irish; and/or
 - ii to allow, whenever a litigant has to appear in person before a court, that he or she may use Irish without thereby incurring additional expense; and/or
 - iii to allow documents and evidence to be produced in Irish, if necessary by the use of interpreters and translations;
 - c in proceedings before courts concerning administrative matters:
 - i to provide that the courts, at the request of one of the parties, shall conduct the proceedings in Irish; and/or
 - ii to allow, whenever a litigant has to appear in person before a court, that he or she may use Irish without thereby incurring additional expense; and/or
 - iii to allow documents and evidence to be produced in Irish, if necessary by the use of interpreters and translations;
 - d to take steps to ensure that the application of sub-paragraphs i and iii of paragraphs b and c above and any necessary use of interpreters and translations does not involve extra expense for the persons concerned.
- 2 The United Kingdom undertakes:
 - a not to deny the validity of legal documents drawn up within the State solely because they are drafted in Irish; or
 - b not to deny the validity, as between the parties, of legal documents

ACCEPTED

- 3 The United Kingdom undertakes to make available in Irish the most important national statutory texts and those relating particularly to users of Irish, unless they are otherwise provided.

NOT ACCEPTED

- drawn up within the country solely because they are drafted in Irish, and to provide that they can be invoked against interested third parties who are not users of Irish on condition that the contents of the document are made known to them by the person(s) who invoke(s) it; or
- c not to deny the validity, as between the parties, of legal documents drawn up within the country solely because they are drafted in Irish.

Article 10 – Administrative authorities and public services

ACCEPTED

- 1 Within the administrative districts of the State in which the number of residents who are users of Irish justifies the measures specified below and according to the situation of Irish, the United Kingdom undertakes, as far as this is reasonably possible:
- a iv to ensure that users of Irish may submit oral or written applications in Irish; or
- c to allow the administrative authorities to draft documents in Irish.
- 2 In respect of the local and regional authorities on whose territory the number of residents who are users of Irish is such as to justify the measures specified below, the United Kingdom undertakes to allow and/or encourage:
- b the possibility for users of Irish to submit oral or written applications in Irish;

NOT ACCEPTED

- a i to ensure that the administrative authorities use Irish; or
ii to ensure that such of its officers as are in contact with the public use Irish in their relations with persons applying to them in Irish; or
iii to ensure that users of Irish may submit oral or written applications and receive a reply in Irish; or
- v to ensure that users of Irish may validly submit a document in Irish;
- b to make available widely used administrative texts and forms for the population in Irish or in bilingual versions;
- a the use of Irish within the framework of the regional or local authority;
- c the publication by regional authorities of their official documents also

ACCEPTED

NOT ACCEPTED

- e the use by regional authorities of Irish in debates in their assemblies, without excluding, however, the use of the official language(s) of the State;
 - f the use by local authorities of Irish in debates in their assemblies, without excluding, however, the use of the official language(s) of the State;
 - g the use or adoption, if necessary in conjunction with the name in the official language(s), of traditional and correct forms of place-names in Irish.
- 3 With regard to public services provided by the administrative authorities or other persons acting on their behalf, the United Kingdom undertakes, within the territory in which Irish is used, in accordance with the situation of Irish and as far as this is reasonably possible:
- c to allow users of Irish to submit a request in Irish.
- 4 With a view to putting into effect those provisions of paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 accepted by them, the United Kingdom undertakes to take one or more of the following measures:
- a translation or interpretation as may be required;
- 5 The United Kingdom undertakes to allow the use or adoption of family names in Irish, at the request of those concerned.

- d in Irish;
 - d the publication by local authorities of their official documents also in Irish;
- a to ensure that Irish is used in the provision of the service; or
 - b to allow users of Irish to submit a request and receive a reply in Irish; or
- b recruitment and, where necessary, training of the officials and other public service employees required;
 - c compliance as far as possible with requests from public service employees having a knowledge of Irish to be appointed in the territory in which Irish is used.

Article 11 – Media

ACCEPTED

NOT ACCEPTED

- 1 The United Kingdom undertakes, for the users of Irish within the territories in which Irish is spoken, according to the situation of Irish, to the extent that the public authorities, directly or indirectly, are competent, have power or play a role in this field, and respecting the principle of the independence and autonomy of the media:

ACCEPTED

NOT ACCEPTED

- a to the extent that radio and television carry out a public service mission:
 - iii to make adequate provision so that broadcasters offer programmes in Irish;
- b
 - ii to encourage and/or facilitate the broadcasting of radio programmes in Irish on a regular basis;
- d to encourage and/or facilitate the production and distribution of audio and audiovisual works in Irish;
- e
 - i to encourage and/or facilitate the creation and/or maintenance of at least one newspaper in Irish; or
 - ii to apply existing measures for financial assistance also to audiovisual productions in Irish;
- g to support the training of journalists and other staff for media using Irish.
- 2 The United Kingdom undertakes to guarantee freedom of direct reception of radio and television broadcasts from neighbouring countries in a language used in identical or similar form to Irish, and not to oppose the retransmission of radio and television broadcasts from neighbouring countries in such a language. It further undertakes to ensure that no restrictions will be placed on the freedom of expression and free circulation of information in the written press in a language used in identical or similar form to Irish. The exercise of the above-mentioned freedoms, since it carries with it duties and responsibilities, may be subject to such formalities, conditions, restrictions or penalties as are prescribed by law and are necessary in a democratic society, in the interests of national security, territorial integrity or public safety, for the prevention of disorder

- i to ensure the creation of at least one radio station and one television channel in Irish; or
- ii to encourage and/or facilitate the creation of at least one radio station and one television channel in Irish; or
- b
 - i to encourage and/or facilitate the creation of at least one radio station in Irish; or
- c
 - i to encourage and/or facilitate the creation of at least one television channel in Irish; or
 - ii to encourage and/or facilitate the broadcasting of television programmes in Irish on a regular basis;
- e
 - ii to encourage and/or facilitate the publication of newspaper articles in Irish on a regular basis;
- f
 - i to cover the additional costs of those media which use Irish, wherever the law provides for financial assistance in general for the media; or

ACCEPTED

or crime, for the protection of health or morals, for the protection of the reputation or rights of others, for preventing disclosure of information received in confidence, or for maintaining the authority and impartiality of the judiciary.

NOT ACCEPTED

- 3 The United Kingdom undertakes to ensure that the interests of the users of Irish are represented or taken into account within such bodies as may be established in accordance with the law with responsibility for guaranteeing the freedom and pluralism of the media.

Article 12 – Cultural activities and facilities

ACCEPTED

- 1 With regard to cultural activities and facilities – especially libraries, video libraries, cultural centres, museums, archives, academies, theatres and cinemas, as well as literary work and film production, vernacular forms of cultural expression, festivals and the culture industries, including inter alia the use of new technologies – the United Kingdom undertakes, within the territory in which Irish is used and to the extent that the public authorities are competent, have power or play a role in this field:
- a to encourage types of expression and initiative specific to Irish and foster the different means of access to works produced in Irish;
 - d to ensure that the bodies responsible for organising or supporting cultural activities of various kinds make appropriate allowance for incorporating the knowledge and use of the Irish language and culture in the undertakings which they initiate or for which they provide backing;
 - e to promote measures to ensure that the bodies responsible for organising or supporting cultural activities have at their disposal staff who have a full command of Irish, as well as of the language(s) of the rest of the population;
 - f to encourage direct participation by representatives of the users of Irish in providing facilities and planning cultural activities;

NOT ACCEPTED

- b to foster the different means of access in other languages to works produced in Irish by aiding and developing translation, dubbing, post-synchronisation and subtitling activities;
- c to foster access in Irish to works produced in other languages by aiding and developing translation, dubbing, post-synchronisation and subtitling activities;
- g to encourage and/or facilitate the creation of a body or bodies responsible for collecting, keeping a copy of and presenting or

ACCEPTED

NOT ACCEPTED

- h if necessary, to create and/or promote and finance translation and terminological research services, particularly with a view to maintaining and developing appropriate administrative, commercial, economic, social, technical or legal terminology in Irish.
- 2 In respect of territories other than those in which Irish is traditionally used, the United Kingdom undertakes, if the number of users of Irish justifies it, to allow, encourage and/or provide appropriate cultural activities and facilities in accordance with the preceding paragraph.
- 3 The United Kingdom undertakes to make appropriate provision, in pursuing its cultural policy abroad, for Irish and the culture it reflects.

publishing works produced in Irish;

Article 13 – Economic and social life

ACCEPTED

NOT ACCEPTED

- 1 With regard to economic and social activities, the United Kingdom undertakes, within the whole country:
 - d to facilitate and/or encourage the use of Irish by means other than those specified in the above sub-paragraphs.

- a to eliminate from its legislation any provision prohibiting or limiting without justifiable reasons the use of Irish in documents relating to economic or social life, particularly contracts of employment, and in technical documents such as instructions for the use of products or installations;
- b to prohibit the insertion in internal regulations of companies and private documents of any clauses excluding or restricting the use of Irish, at least between users of Irish;
- c to oppose practices designed to discourage the use of Irish in connection with economic or social activities;
- 2 With regard to economic and social activities, the United Kingdom undertakes, in so far as the public authorities are competent, within the territory in which Irish is used, and as far as this is reasonably possible:
 - a to include in its financial and banking regulations provisions which allow, by means of procedures compatible with commercial practice, the use of Irish in drawing up payment orders (cheques, drafts, etc.) or other financial documents, or, where appropriate, to ensure the implementation of such provisions;
 - b in the economic and social sectors directly under its control (public sector), to organise activities to promote the use of Irish;
 - c to ensure that social care facilities such as hospitals, retirement homes

ACCEPTED

NOT ACCEPTED

and hostels offer the possibility of receiving and treating in Irish persons using Irish who are in need of care on grounds of ill-health, old age or for other reasons;

- d to ensure by appropriate means that safety instructions are also drawn up in Irish;
- e to arrange for information provided by the competent public authorities concerning the rights of consumers to be made available in Irish.

Article 14 – Transfrontier exchanges

ACCEPTED

NOT ACCEPTED

The United Kingdom undertakes:

- a to apply existing bilateral and multilateral agreements which bind them with the States in which Irish is used in identical or similar form, or if necessary to seek to conclude such agreements, in such a way as to foster contacts between the users of Irish in the States concerned in the fields of culture, education, information, vocational training and permanent education;
- b for the benefit of Irish, to facilitate and/or promote co-operation across borders, in particular between regional or local authorities in whose territory Irish is used in identical or similar form.

[...]